### Non-GAAP Measures – unaudited

In this supplementary schedule, the "Company" or "CN" refers to Canadian National Railway Company, together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Financial information included in this schedule is expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

CN reports its financial results in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company also uses non-GAAP measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP, including adjusted performance measures, constant currency, free cash flow and adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. From management's perspective, these non-GAAP measures are useful measures of performance and provide investors with supplementary information to assess the Company's results of operations and liquidity. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# Adjusted performance measures

Adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, adjusted operating income, adjusted operating expenses and adjusted operating ratio are non-GAAP measures that are used to set performance goals and to measure CN's performance. Management believes that these adjusted performance measures provide additional insight to management and investors into the Company's operations and underlying business trends as well as facilitate period-to-period comparisons, as they exclude certain significant items that are not reflective of CN's underlying business operations and could distort the analysis of trends in business performance. These items may include:

- operating expense adjustments: workforce reduction program, depreciation expense on the deployment of replacement system, advisory fees related to shareholder matters, losses and recoveries from assets held for sale, business acquisition-related costs;
- non-operating expense adjustments: business acquisition-related financing fees, merger termination income, gains and losses on disposal ii. of property; and
- the effect of tax law changes and rate enactments.

These non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,455 million, or \$2.13 per diluted share, and \$3,714 million, or \$5.37 per diluted share, respectively. The adjusted figures for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 exclude advisory fees related to shareholder matters of \$22 million, or \$16 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share) recorded in Casualty and other within the Consolidated Statements of Income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,080 million, or \$1.52 per diluted share, and \$3,014 million, or \$4.24 per diluted share, respectively. (1) The adjusted figures exclude:

- employee termination benefits and severance costs related to a workforce reduction program of \$39 million, or \$29 million after-tax (\$0.04 per diluted share) recorded in the third quarter in Labor and fringe benefits within the Consolidated Statements of Income;
- advisory fees related to shareholder matters of \$7 million, or \$5 million after-tax (\$0.01 per diluted share) recorded in the third quarter in Casualty and other within the Consolidated Statements of Income;
- the recovery of \$137 million, or \$102 million after-tax (\$0.14 per diluted share) recorded in the first quarter related to the loss on assets held for sale in the second quarter of 2020, to reflect an agreement for the sale of on-going rail operations, certain non-core rail lines in Wisconsin, Michigan and Ontario to a short line operator;
- transaction-related costs, consisting of an advance to Kansas City Southern ("KCS") and a related refund, net of transaction costs, of \$84 million, or \$70 million after-tax (\$0.10 per diluted share), recorded in the third quarter resulting from the terminated CN Merger Agreement with KCS;
- amortization of bridge financing and other fees of \$65 million, or \$60 million after-tax (\$0.08 per diluted share) recorded in the third quarter and \$32 million, or \$24 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share) recorded in the second quarter, resulting from the KCS transaction, recorded in Interest expense within the Consolidated Statements of Income; and
- merger termination fee paid by KCS to CN of \$886 million, or \$770 million after-tax (\$1.08 per diluted share), recorded in the third quarter resulting from KCS' notice of termination of the CN Merger Agreement with KCS.

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

### Non-GAAP Measures - unaudited

Adjusted net income is defined as Net income in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant items. Adjusted diluted earnings per share is defined as adjusted net income divided by the weighted-average diluted shares outstanding. The following table provides a reconciliation of Net income and Earnings per share in accordance with GAAP, as reported for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP adjusted performance measures presented herein:

	Three months ended September 30					Nine months ended September 30			
In millions, except per share data		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Net income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	1,455	\$	1,686	\$	3,698	\$	3,698	
Adjustments:									
Operating expense adjustments:									
Workforce reduction program		_		39		_		39	
Advisory fees related to shareholder matters		_		7		22		7	
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale		_		_		-		(137)	
Transaction-related costs		_		84		_		84	
Non-operating expense adjustments:									
Amortization of bridge financing and other fees		_		65		-		97	
Merger termination fee		_		(886)		_		(886)	
Tax adjustments:									
Tax effect of adjustments (2)		_		85		(6)		112	
Total adjustments		_		(606)		16		(684)	
Adjusted net income (1)	\$	1,455	\$	1,080	\$	3,714	\$	3,014	
Diluted earnings per share (1)	\$	2.13	\$	2.37	\$	5.34	\$	5.20	
Impact of adjustments, per share		_		(0.85)		0.03		(0.96)	
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (1)	\$	2.13	\$	1.52	\$	5.37	\$	4.24	

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Adjusted operating income is defined as Operating income in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant operating expense items. Adjusted operating expenses is defined as Operating expenses in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant operating expense items. Adjusted operating ratio is defined as adjusted operating expenses as a percentage of revenues. The following table provides a reconciliation of Operating income, Operating expenses and operating ratio, as reported for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP adjusted performance measures presented herein:

	Three months ended September 30					Nine months ended September 30				
In millions, except percentages		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Operating income	\$	1,932	\$	1,341	\$	4,928	\$	4,050		
Operating expense adjustments:										
Workforce reduction program		_		39		_		39		
Advisory fees related to shareholder matters		_		7		22		7		
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale		_		_		-		(137)		
Transaction-related costs		-		84		-		84		
Total operating expense adjustments		-		130		22		(7)		
Adjusted operating income	\$	1,932	\$	1,471	\$	4,950	\$	4,043		
Operating expenses	\$	2,581	\$	2,250	\$	7,637	\$	6,674		
Total operating expense adjustments		_		(130)		(22)		7		
Adjusted operating expenses	\$	2,581	\$	2,120	\$	7,615	\$	6,681		
Operating ratio		57.2 %		62.7 %		60.8 %		62.2 %		
Impact of adjustments		- %		(3.7 %)		(0.2 %)		0.1 %		
Adjusted operating ratio		57.2 %		59.0 %		60.6 %		62.3 %		

The tax impact of adjustments is based on the nature of the item for tax purposes and related tax rates in the applicable jurisdiction.

## **Constant currency**

Financial results at constant currency allow results to be viewed without the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons in the analysis of trends in business performance. Measures at constant currency are considered non-GAAP measures and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Financial results at constant currency are obtained by translating the current period results denominated in US dollars at the weighted average foreign exchange rates used to translate transactions denominated in US dollars of the comparable period of the prior year.

The average foreign exchange rates were \$1.31 and \$1.28 per US\$1.00 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, and \$1.26 and \$1.25 per US\$1.00 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively.

On a constant currency basis, the Company's net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 would have been lower by \$21 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) and \$41 million (\$0.06 per diluted share), respectively.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the impact of constant currency and related percentage change at constant currency on the financial results, as reported for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022:

Metals and minerals         55           Forest products         55           Coal         22           Grain and fertilizers         66           Intermodal         1,3           Automotive         20           Total freight revenues         4,3           Other revenues         1           Total revenues         4,5           Operating expenses         1           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         64           Depreciation and amortization         45	22 50	Constant currency impact	2021	% Change at constant currency				% Change at
Revenues Petroleum and chemicals  Metals and minerals Forest products Coal Grain and fertilizers Intermodal Automotive  Total freight revenues Other revenues  Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Fuel Depreciation and amortization  \$ 88 88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8		currency	2021	constant currency				at
Revenues Petroleum and chemicals  Metals and minerals Forest products  Coal Grain and fertilizers Intermodal Automotive  Total freight revenues Other revenues  Coperating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Fuel Depreciation and amortization  \$ 88.  88.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.		currency	2021	currency				
Revenues Petroleum and chemicals  Metals and minerals Forest products  Coal Grain and fertilizers Intermodal Automotive  Total freight revenues Other revenues  Coperating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Fuel Depreciation and amortization  \$ 88.  88.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.		currency	2021	•				constant
Revenues Petroleum and chemicals  Metals and minerals Forest products  Coal Grain and fertilizers Intermodal Automotive  Total freight revenues Other revenues  Coperating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Fuel Depreciation and amortization  \$ 88.  88.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.  89.		•	2021			Constant		currency
Revenues Petroleum and chemicals  Metals and minerals Forest products Coal Grain and fertilizers Intermodal Automotive  Total freight revenues Other revenues  Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Fuel Depreciation and amortization  \$ 88 88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8		impact	2021	Fav		currency	0001	Fav
Petroleum and chemicals         \$ 85           Metals and minerals         55           Forest products         55           Coal         25           Grain and fertilizers         66           Intermodal         1,3           Automotive         26           Total freight revenues         4,3           Other revenues         1           Total revenues         4,5           Operating expenses         1           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         66           Depreciation and amortization         45	50		2021	(Unfav)	2022	impact	2021	(Unfav)
Metals and minerals         53           Forest products         53           Coal         23           Grain and fertilizers         63           Intermodal         1,3           Automotive         20           Total freight revenues         4,3           Other revenues         1           Total revenues         4,5           Operating expenses         2           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         64           Depreciation and amortization         45	50							
Forest products         55           Coal         25           Grain and fertilizers         66           Intermodal         1,3           Automotive         20           Total freight revenues         4,3           Other revenues         1           Total revenues         4,5           Operating expenses         1           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         66           Depreciation and amortization         45	•		715	16% \$	2,435	, ,	2,061	16%
Coal         22           Grain and fertilizers         63           Intermodal         1,33           Automotive         2           Total freight revenues         4,31           Other revenues         1.5           Operating expenses         5           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         66           Depreciation and amortization         45	39	(15)	410	28%	1,411	(28)	1,155	20%
Grain and fertilizers         66           Intermodal         1,34           Automotive         2           Total freight revenues         4,36           Other revenues         1.4           Total revenues         4,55           Operating expenses         5           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         55           Fuel         66           Depreciation and amortization         45	50	(14)	425	26%	1,489	(28)	1,305	12%
Intermodal         1,3           Automotive         2           Total freight revenues         4,3           Other revenues         1           Total revenues         4,5           Operating expenses         2           Labor and fringe benefits         7           Purchased services and material         5           Fuel         6           Depreciation and amortization         4	58	(3)	169	51%	702	(6)	453	54%
Automotive 21  Total freight revenues 4,30 Other revenues 11  Total revenues 4,50 Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits 7  Purchased services and material 55  Fuel 66 Depreciation and amortization 44	21	(11)	510	20%	1,829	(24)	1,832	(1%)
Total freight revenues Other revenues 12 Total revenues 4,5 Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits Purchased services and material Fuel Depreciation and amortization 4,3 4,3 4,5 7 7 6 6 6 Depreciation and amortization	40	(14)	1,061	25%	3,722	(29)	3,066	20%
Other revenues1.7Total revenues4,5Operating expenses7Labor and fringe benefits7Purchased services and material5Fuel6Depreciation and amortization4	80	(5)	137	48%	581	(11)	430	33%
Total revenues 4,5  Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits 7  Purchased services and material 55  Fuel 66  Depreciation and amortization 4,5	56	(80)	3,427	25%	12,169	(163)	10,302	17%
Operating expenses Labor and fringe benefits 77 Purchased services and material 55 Fuel 66 Depreciation and amortization 45	47	(5)	164	(13%)	396	(8)	422	(8%)
Labor and fringe benefits 77 Purchased services and material 55 Fuel 66 Depreciation and amortization 43	13	(85)	3,591	23%	12,565	(171)	10,724	16%
Purchased services and material 52 Fuel 66 Depreciation and amortization 43								
Fuel 6- Depreciation and amortization 4:	70	(13)	728	(4%)	2,204	(23)	2,205	1%
Depreciation and amortization 4	20	(9)	502	(2%)	1,615	(17)	1,578	(1%)
•	49	(19)	350	(80%)	1,846	(42)	1,094	(65%)
Equipment rents	35	(6)	405	(6%)	1,278	(12)	1,215	(4%)
	72	(2)	82	15%	254	(5)	254	2%
Casualty and other 1:	35	(5)	99	(31%)	440	(10)	381	(13%)
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale	_	_	_	-%	_	_	(137)	(100%)
Transaction-related costs	_	_	84	100%	_	_	84	100 %
Total operating expenses 2,5	81	(54)	2,250	(12%)	7,637	(109)	6,674	(13%)
Operating income 1,93	32	(31)	1,341	42%	4,928	(62)	4,050	20%
Interest expense (14	41)	3	(197)	30%	(395)	7	(485)	20%
Other components of net periodic benefit income (1)	25	_	98	28%	374	_	295	27%
Merger termination fee	-	_	886	(100%)	_	_	886	(100%)
Other income (loss)	(1)		(27)	96%	(25)	_	22	(214%)
Income before income taxes (1)	15	(28)	2,101	(10%)	4,882	(55)	4,768	1%
Income tax expense (1) (4)	50)	7	(415)	(9%)	(1,184)	14	(1,070)	(9%)
Net income (1) \$ 1,45	55	\$ (21) \$	1,686	(15%) \$	3,698	\$ (41) \$	3,698	(1%)
Diluted earnings per share (1) \$ 2.	13	\$ (0.03) \$	2.37	(11%) \$	5.34	\$ (0.06) \$	5.20	2%

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

### Non-GAAP Measures - unaudited

#### Free cash flow

Free cash flow is a useful measure of liquidity as it demonstrates the Company's ability to generate cash for debt obligations and for discretionary uses such as payment of dividends, share repurchases, and strategic opportunities. The Company defines its free cash flow measure as the difference between net cash provided by operating activities and net cash used in investing activities, adjusted for the impact of (i) business acquisitions and (ii) merger transaction-related payments, cash receipts and cash income taxes, which are items that are not indicative of operating trends. Free cash flow does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of Net cash provided by operating activities in accordance with GAAP, as reported for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP free cash flow presented herein:

	Three months ended September 30					Nine months ended September 30				
In millions		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,112	\$	2,458	\$	4,395	\$	4,885		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(756)		42		(1,573)		(2,013)		
Net cash provided before financing activities		1,356		2,500		2,822		2,872		
Adjustments:										
Cash income taxes for merger transaction-related payments and cash receipts (1)		_		_		102		_		
Transaction-related costs (2)		_		26		_		89		
Advance for acquisition (3)		_		_		_		845		
Refund of advance for acquisition (3)		_		(886)		_		(886)		
Merger termination fee (3)		_		(886)		_		(886)		
Total adjustments		_		(1,746)		102		(838)		
Free cash flow	\$	1,356	\$	754	\$	2,924	\$	2,034		

<sup>(1)</sup> Relates to income tax payments of \$102 million for KCS merger transaction-related payments and cash receipts. See Note 4 – Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates to Transaction-related costs of \$125 million, of which \$63 million was paid in the second quarter and \$26 million was paid in the third quarter. As at September 30, 2021, \$36 million remained to be paid. See Note 4 - Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

<sup>(3)</sup> See Note 4 – Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

## Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple

Management believes that the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple is a useful credit measure because it reflects the Company's ability to service its debt and other long-term obligations. The Company calculates the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple as adjusted debt divided by the last twelve months of adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted debt is defined as the sum of Long-term debt and Current portion of long-term debt as reported on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as well as Operating lease liabilities, including current portion and pension plans in deficiency recognized on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets due to the debt-like nature of their contractual and financial obligations. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as Net income excluding Interest expense, Income tax expense, Depreciation and amortization, operating lease cost, Other components of net periodic benefit income, Other income (loss), and other significant items that are not reflective of CN's underlying business operations and which could distort the analysis of trends in business performance. Adjusted debt and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures used to compute the Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple. These measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of debt and Net income in accordance with GAAP, reported as at and for the twelve months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, to the adjusted measures presented herein, which have been used to calculate the non-GAAP adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple:

In millions, unless otherwise indicated	As at and for the twelve months ended September 30,	2022	2021
Debt	\$	15,392	\$ 13,556
Adjustments:			
Operating lease liabilities, including current portion (1)		484	430
Pension plans in deficiency (2)		444	545
Adjusted debt	\$	16,320	\$ 14,531
Net income (3)	\$	4,899	\$ 4,714
Interest expense		520	619
Income tax expense (3)		1,557	1,403
Depreciation and amortization		1,661	1,617
Operating lease cost (4)		138	130
Other components of net periodic benefit income (3)		(486)	(367)
Other loss (income)		4	(22)
Adjustments:			
Workforce reduction program (5)		_	39
Advisory fees related to shareholder matters (6)		35	7
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale (7)		_	(137)
Transaction-related costs (8)		_	84
Merger termination fee (9)		_	(886)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	8,328	\$ 7,201
Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple (times)		1.96	2.02

- Represents the present value of operating lease payments. (1)
- Represents the total funded deficit of all defined benefit pension plans with a projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets.
- In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- Represents the operating lease costs recorded in Purchased services and material and Equipment rents within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to employee termination benefits and severance costs related to a workforce reduction program, recorded in Labor and fringe benefits within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to advisory fees related to shareholder matters recorded in Casualty and other within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to the recovery of \$137 million of the \$486 million loss on assets held for sale recorded in the second quarter of 2020, resulting from the Company entering into an agreement for the sale of non-core lines. See Note 6 - Assets held for sale to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- Relates to transaction costs incurred as a result of the terminated CN Merger Agreement of \$84 million, consisting of \$125 million of transaction-related costs, partially offset by \$41 million of income generated as a result of the applicable foreign exchange rates prevailing at the time of payment and related receipt of the US\$700 million advance to KCS. See Note 4 - Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- Relates to the termination fee resulting from KCS terminating the CN Merger Agreement and entering into a merger agreement with CP. See Note 4 Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.