Non-GAAP Measures - unaudited

In this supplementary schedule, the "Company" or "CN" refers to Canadian National Railway Company, together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Financial information included in this schedule is expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

CN reports its financial results in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company also uses non-GAAP measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP, including adjusted performance measures, constant currency, free cash flow and adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. From management's perspective, these non-GAAP measures are useful measures of performance and provide investors with supplementary information to assess the Company's results of operations and liquidity. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted performance measures

Adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, adjusted operating income, adjusted operating expenses and adjusted operating ratio are non-GAAP measures that are used to set performance goals and to measure CN's performance. Management believes that these adjusted performance measures provide additional insight to management and investors into the Company's operations and underlying business trends as well as facilitate period-to-period comparisons, as they exclude certain significant items that are not reflective of CN's underlying business operations and could distort the analysis of trends in business performance. These items may include:

- operating expense adjustments: workforce reduction program, depreciation expense on the deployment of replacement system, advisory fees related to shareholder matters, losses and recoveries from assets held for sale, business acquisition-related costs;
- non-operating expense adjustments: business acquisition-related financing fees, merger termination income, gains and losses on disposal of property; and
- the effect of tax law changes and rate enactments.

These non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,334 million, or \$1.93 per diluted share, and \$2,259 million, or \$3.25 per diluted share, respectively. The adjusted figures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 exclude advisory fees related to shareholder matters of \$12 million, or \$9 million after-tax (\$0.01 per diluted share), and \$22 million, or \$16 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share), respectively, recorded in Casualty and other within the Consolidated Statements of Income.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,060 million, or \$1.49 per diluted share, and \$1,934 million, or \$2.72 per diluted share, respectively. (1) The adjusted figures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 exclude amortization of bridge financing and other fees of \$32 million, or \$24 million after-tax (\$0.03 per diluted share) recorded in the second quarter, resulting from the Kansas City Southern ("KCS") transaction, recorded in Interest expense within the Consolidated Statements of Income. The adjusted figures for the six months ended June 30, 2021 also exclude the recovery of \$137 million, or \$102 million after-tax (\$0.14 per diluted share) recorded in the first quarter related to the loss on assets held for sale in the second quarter of 2020, to reflect an agreement for the sale of on-going rail operations, certain non-core rail lines in Wisconsin, Michigan and Ontario to a short line operator.

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Non-GAAP Measures - unaudited

Adjusted net income is defined as Net income in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant items. Adjusted diluted earnings per share is defined as adjusted net income divided by the weighted-average diluted shares outstanding. The following table provides a reconciliation of Net income and Earnings per share in accordance with GAAP, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP adjusted performance measures presented herein:

	7	Three months	ended J	une 30	Six months ended June 30				
In millions, except per share data		2022		2021	2022		2021		
Net income ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,325	\$	1,036	\$ 2,243	\$	2,012		
Adjustments:									
Operating expense adjustments: Advisory fees related to shareholder matters Recovery of loss on assets held for sale		12 _		_ _	22 _		– (137)		
Non-operating expense adjustments: Amortization of bridge financing and other fees		_		32	_		32		
Tax adjustments: Tax effect of adjustments (2)		(3)		(8)	(6)		27		
Total adjustments		9		24	16		(78)		
Adjusted net income (1)	\$	1,334	\$	1,060	\$ 2,259	\$	1,934		
Diluted earnings per share ⁽¹⁾ Impact of adjustments, per share	\$	1.92 0.01	\$	1.46 0.03	\$ 3.22 0.03	\$	2.83 (0.11)		
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (1)	\$	1.93	\$	1.49	\$ 3.25	\$	2.72		

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Adjusted operating income is defined as Operating income in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant operating expense items. Adjusted operating expenses is defined as Operating expenses in accordance with GAAP adjusted for certain significant operating expense items. Adjusted operating ratio is defined as adjusted operating expenses as a percentage of revenues. The following table provides a reconciliation of Operating income, Operating expenses and operating ratio, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP adjusted performance measures presented herein:

	Three months	ended J	Six months ended June 30				
In millions, except percentages	2022		2021	2022		2021	
Operating income	\$ 1,769	\$	1,382	\$ 2,996	\$	2,709	
Operating expense adjustments:							
Advisory fees related to shareholder matters	12		_	22		_	
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale	-		_	-		(137)	
Total operating expense adjustments	12		_	22		(137)	
Adjusted operating income	\$ 1,781	\$	1,382	\$ 3,018	\$	2,572	
Operating expenses	\$ 2,575	\$	2,216	\$ 5,056	\$	4,424	
Total operating expense adjustments	(12)		_	(22)		137	
Adjusted operating expenses	\$ 2,563	\$	2,216	\$ 5,034	\$	4,561	
Operating ratio	59.3 %		61.6 %	62.8 %		62.0 %	
Impact of adjustments	(0.3 %)		- %	(0.3 %)		1.9 %	
Adjusted operating ratio	59.0 %		61.6 %	62.5 %		63.9 %	

The tax impact of adjustments is based on the nature of the item for tax purposes and related tax rates in the applicable jurisdiction.

Constant currency

Financial results at constant currency allow results to be viewed without the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons in the analysis of trends in business performance. Measures at constant currency are considered non-GAAP measures and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Financial results at constant currency are obtained by translating the current period results denominated in US dollars at the weighted average foreign exchange rates used to translate transactions denominated in US dollars of the comparable period of the prior year.

The average foreign exchange rates were \$1.28 and \$1.27 per US\$1.00 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, and \$1.23 and \$1.25 per US\$1.00 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

On a constant currency basis, the Company's Net income would have been lower by \$20 million (\$0.03 per diluted share) for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the impact of constant currency and related percentage change at constant currency on the financial results, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022:

	Three months ended June 30					Six months ended June 30				
						% Change				% Change
						at				at
			_			constant				constant
				onstant		currency		Constant		currency
In millions, except per share data		2022	С	urrency impact	2021	Fav (Unfav)	2022	currency impact	2021	Fav (Unfav)
Revenues		2022		Праст	2021	(Omav)	2022	ппраст	2021	(Olliav)
Petroleum and chemicals	Ś	829	\$	(19) \$	685	18% \$	1,585	\$ (19) \$	1,346	16%
Metals and minerals	Ą	466	Ų	(13)	377	20%	872	(13)	745	15%
Forest products		513		(14)	451	11%	939	(14)	880	5%
Coal		249		(3)	158	56%	444	(3)	284	55%
Grain and fertilizers		604		(13)	609	(3%)	1,208	(13)	1,322	(10%)
Intermodal		1,326		(15)	1,037	26%	2,382	(15)	2,005	18%
Automotive		208		(6)	135	50%	373	(6)	293	25%
Total freight revenues		4,195		(83)	3,452	19%	7,803	(83)	6,875	12%
Other revenues		149		(3)	146	-%	249	(3)	258	(5%)
Total revenues		4,344		(86)	3,598	18%	8,052	(86)	7,133	12%
Operating expenses										
Labor and fringe benefits		681		(10)	692	3%	1,434	(10)	1,477	4%
Purchased services and material		557		(8)	527	(4%)	1,095	(8)	1,076	(1%)
Fuel		672		(23)	380	(71%)	1,197	(23)	744	(58%)
Depreciation and amortization		423		(6)	406	(3%)	843	(6)	810	(3%)
Equipment rents		87		(3)	83	(1%)	182	(3)	172	(4%)
Casualty and other		155		(5)	128	(17%)	305	(5)	282	(6%)
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale						-%	_	_	(137)	(100%)
Total operating expenses		2,575		(55)	2,216	(14%)	5,056	(55)	4,424	(13%)
Operating income		1,769		(31)	1,382	26%	2,996	(31)	2,709	9%
Interest expense		(128)		4	(158)	22%	(254)	4	(288)	13%
Other components of net periodic benefit income (1)		124		_	98	27%	249	_	197	26%
Other loss		(10)			51	(120%)	(24)	_	49	(149%)
Income before income taxes (1)		1,755		(27)	1,373	26%	2,967	(27)	2,667	10%
Income tax expense (1)		(430)		7	(337)	(26%)	(724)	7	(655)	(9%)
Net income (1)	\$	1,325	\$	(20) \$	1,036	26% \$	2,243	\$ (20) \$	2,012	10%
Diluted earnings per share (1)	\$	1.92	\$	(0.03) \$	1.46	29% \$	3.22	\$ (0.03) \$	2.83	13%

In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Non-GAAP Measures - unaudited

Free cash flow

Free cash flow is a useful measure of liquidity as it demonstrates the Company's ability to generate cash for debt obligations and for discretionary uses such as payment of dividends, share repurchases, and strategic opportunities. The Company defines its free cash flow measure as the difference between net cash provided by operating activities and net cash used in investing activities, adjusted for the impact of (i) business acquisitions and (ii) merger transaction-related payments, cash receipts and cash income taxes, which are items that are not indicative of operating trends. Free cash flow does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of Net cash provided by operating activities in accordance with GAAP, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, to the non-GAAP free cash flow presented herein:

	T	Three months	ended J	Six months ended June 30				
In millions		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,713	\$	1,475	\$ 2,283	\$	2,427	
Net cash used in investing activities		(716)		(1,642)	(817)		(2,055)	
Net cash provided before financing activities		997		(167)	1,466		372	
Adjustments:								
Cash income taxes for merger transaction-related payments and cash receipts (1)		_		_	102		_	
Transaction-related costs (2)		_		63	_		63	
Advance for acquisition (2)		_		845	_		845	
Total adjustments	·	_		908	102		908	
Free cash flow	\$	997	\$	741	\$ 1,568	\$	1,280	

⁽¹⁾ Relates to income tax payments of \$102 million for KCS merger transaction-related payments and cash receipts. See Note 3 – Acquisitions, Terminated CN KCS merger agreement, to the Company's 2021 Annual Consolidated Financial Statements and the section entitled Adjusted performance measures to the Company's 2021 Annual MD&A filed on February 1, 2022 which may be found online on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR, and on the Company's website at www.sec.gov through EDGAR.

⁽²⁾ Relates to an advance to KCS and other transaction costs paid. See Note 4 – Acquisition to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple

Management believes that the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple is a useful credit measure because it reflects the Company's ability to service its debt and other long-term obligations. The Company calculates the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple as adjusted debt divided by the last twelve months of adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted debt is defined as the sum of Long-term debt and Current portion of long-term debt as reported on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as well as Operating lease liabilities, including current portion and pension plans in deficiency recognized on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets due to the debt-like nature of their contractual and financial obligations. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as Net income excluding Interest expense, Income tax expense, Depreciation and amortization, operating lease cost, Other components of net periodic benefit income, Other income (loss), and other significant items that are not reflective of CN's underlying business operations and which could distort the analysis of trends in business performance. Adjusted debt and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures used to compute the Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple. These measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of debt and Net income in accordance with GAAP, reported as at and for the twelve months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, to the adjusted measures presented herein, which have been used to calculate the non-GAAP adjusted debt-toadjusted EBITDA multiple:

In millions, unless otherwise indicated	As at and for the twelve months ended June 30,	2022	2021
Debt	\$	14,372	\$ 13,719
Adjustments:			
Operating lease liabilities, including current portion (1)		419	379
Pension plans in deficiency (2)		443	545
Adjusted debt	\$	15,234	\$ 14,643
Net income (3)	\$	5,130	\$ 4,010
Interest expense		576	559
Income tax expense (3)		1,512	1,308
Depreciation and amortization		1,631	1,603
Operating lease cost (4)		135	135
Other components of net periodic benefit income (3)		(459)	(343)
Other loss (income)		30	(48)
Adjustments:			
Workforce reduction program (5)		39	_
Advisory fees related to shareholder matters (6)		42	_
Recovery of loss on assets held for sale (7)		_	(137)
Transaction-related costs (8)		84	_
Merger termination fee ⁽⁹⁾		(886)	_
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	7,834	\$ 7,087
Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple (times)		1.94	2.07

- Represents the present value of operating lease payments. (1)
- Represents the total funded deficit of all defined benefit pension plans with a projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets.
- In the first quarter of 2022, the Company changed its method of calculating market-related values of pension assets for its defined benefit plans using a retrospective approach. Comparative figures have been restated to conform to the change in methodology. See Note 2 - Change in accounting policy to CN's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- Represents the operating lease costs recorded in Purchased services and material and Equipment rents within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to employee termination benefits and severance costs related to a workforce reduction program, recorded in Labor and fringe benefits within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to advisory fees related to shareholder matters recorded in Casualty and other within the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- Relates to the recovery of \$137 million of the \$486 million loss on assets held for sale recorded in the second quarter of 2020, resulting from the Company entering into an agreement for the sale of non-core lines. See Note 6 - Assets held for sale to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- Relates to transaction costs incurred as a result of the terminated CN Merger Agreement of \$84 million, consisting of \$125 million of transaction-related costs, partially offset by \$41 million of income generated as a result of the applicable foreign exchange rates prevailing at the time of payment and related receipt of the US\$700 million advance to KCS. See Note 4 - Acquisitions to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.
- Relates to the termination fee resulting from KCS terminating the CN Merger Agreement and entering into a merger agreement with CP. See Note 4 Acquisitions to the Company's unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.