

## Non-GAAP Measures – unaudited

In this supplementary schedule, the "Company" or "CN" refers to Canadian National Railway Company, together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Financial information included in this schedule is expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

CN reports its financial results in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company also uses non-GAAP measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP, including adjusted performance measures, constant currency, free cash flow and adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. From management's perspective, these non-GAAP measures are useful measures of performance and provide investors with supplementary information to assess the Company's results of operations and liquidity. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

### Adjusted performance measures

Management believes that adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating ratio are useful measures of performance that can facilitate period-to-period comparisons, as they exclude items that do not necessarily arise as part of CN's normal day-to-day operations and could distort the analysis of trends in business performance. Management uses adjusted performance measures, which exclude certain income and expense items in its results that management believes are not reflective of CN's underlying business operations, to set performance goals and as a means to measure CN's performance. The exclusion of such income and expense items in these measures does not, however, imply that these items are necessarily non-recurring. These measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,250 million, or \$1.73 per diluted share, and \$2,098 million, or \$2.90 per diluted share, respectively. The adjusted figures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 exclude a deferred income tax recovery of \$112 million (\$0.15 per diluted share), resulting from the enactment of a lower provincial corporate income tax rate. The adjusted figures for the six months ended June 30, 2019 also exclude a depreciation and amortization expense of \$84 million, or \$62 million after-tax (\$0.09 per diluted share) in the first quarter, related to costs previously capitalized for a Positive Train Control (PTC) back office system following the deployment of a replacement system.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company's adjusted net income was \$1,120 million, or \$1.51 per diluted share, and \$1,861 million, or \$2.51 per diluted share, respectively. The adjusted figures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 exclude a gain on transfer of the Company's capital lease in the passenger rail facilities in downtown Montreal together with its interests in related railway operating agreements (the "Central Station Railway Lease") of \$184 million, or \$156 million after-tax (\$0.21 per diluted share), and a gain on disposal of land located in Calgary, excluding the rail fixtures (the "Calgary Industrial Lead"), of \$39 million, or \$34 million after-tax (\$0.05 per diluted share).

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income and earnings per share, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, to the adjusted performance measures presented herein:

<i>In millions, except per share data</i>	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$ 1,362	\$ 1,310	\$ 2,148	\$ 2,051
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Depreciation and amortization	—	—	84	—
Other income	—	(223)	—	(223)
Income tax expense (recovery) <sup>(1)</sup>	(112)	33	(134)	33
<b>Adjusted net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,250</b>	<b>\$ 1,120</b>	<b>\$ 2,098</b>	<b>\$ 1,861</b>
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.78	\$ 2.97	\$ 2.78
<i>Impact of adjustments, per share</i>	<b>(0.16)</b>	<b>(0.26)</b>	<b>(0.07)</b>	<b>(0.26)</b>
<b>Adjusted basic earnings per share</b>	<b>\$ 1.73</b>	<b>\$ 1.52</b>	<b>\$ 2.90</b>	<b>\$ 2.52</b>
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.88	\$ 1.77	\$ 2.96	\$ 2.77
<i>Impact of adjustments, per share</i>	<b>(0.15)</b>	<b>(0.26)</b>	<b>(0.06)</b>	<b>(0.26)</b>
<b>Adjusted diluted earnings per share</b>	<b>\$ 1.73</b>	<b>\$ 1.51</b>	<b>\$ 2.90</b>	<b>\$ 2.51</b>

(1) The tax effect of adjustments reflects tax rates in the applicable jurisdiction and the nature of the item for tax purposes.

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The following table provides a reconciliation of operating income and operating ratio, as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, to the adjusted performance measures presented herein:

<i>In millions, except percentage</i>	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Operating income	\$ 1,682	\$ 1,519	\$ 2,762	\$ 2,549
<i>Adjustment: Depreciation and amortization</i>	—	—	84	—
<b><i>Adjusted operating income</i></b>	<b>\$ 1,682</b>	<b>\$ 1,519</b>	<b>\$ 2,846</b>	<b>\$ 2,549</b>
Operating ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	57.5%	58.2%	63.2%	62.7%
<i>Impact of adjustment</i>	—	—	(1.1)-pts	—
<b><i>Adjusted operating ratio</i></b>	<b>57.5%</b>	<b>58.2%</b>	<b>62.1%</b>	<b>62.7%</b>

(1) Operating ratio is defined as operating expenses as a percentage of revenues.

## Constant currency

Financial results at constant currency allow results to be viewed without the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons in the analysis of trends in business performance. Measures at constant currency are considered non-GAAP measures and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Financial results at constant currency are obtained by translating the current period results denominated in US dollars at the foreign exchange rates of the comparable period in the prior year. The average foreign exchange rates were \$1.34 and \$1.33 per US\$1.00 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and \$1.29 and \$1.28 per US\$1.00 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

On a constant currency basis, the Company's net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 would have been lower by \$28 million (\$0.04 per diluted share) and \$58 million (\$0.08 per diluted share), respectively.

## Free cash flow

Management believes that free cash flow is a useful measure of liquidity as it demonstrates the Company's ability to generate cash for debt obligations and for discretionary uses such as payment of dividends, share repurchases, and strategic opportunities. The Company defines its free cash flow measure as the difference between net cash provided by operating activities and net cash used in investing activities, adjusted for the impact of business acquisitions, if any. Free cash flow does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities as reported for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, to free cash flow:

<i>In millions</i>	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,716	\$ 1,682	\$ 2,713	\$ 2,437
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,203)	(708)	(2,081)	(1,141)
<i>Net cash provided before financing activities</i>	<b>513</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>1,296</b>
<i>Adjustment: Acquisition, net of cash acquired</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	167	—
<b><i>Free cash flow</i></b>	<b>\$ 513</b>	<b>\$ 974</b>	<b>\$ 799</b>	<b>\$ 1,296</b>

(1) Relates to the acquisition of the TransX Group of Companies ("TransX"). See Note 3 - Business combination to CN's 2019 unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

## Non-GAAP Measures – unaudited

### Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple

Management believes that the adjusted debt-to-adjusted earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) multiple is a useful credit measure because it reflects the Company's ability to service its debt and other long-term obligations. The Company calculates the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple as adjusted debt divided by adjusted EBITDA. These measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of debt and net income to the adjusted measures presented below, which have been used to calculate the adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple:

<i>In millions, unless otherwise indicated</i>	<i>As at and for the twelve months ended June 30,</i>		<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Debt	\$	<b>13,354</b>	\$	11,874
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Operating lease liabilities, including current portion <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>543</b>		491
Pension plans in deficiency		<b>475</b>		459
<i>Adjusted debt</i>	\$	<b>14,372</b>	\$	12,824
Net income	\$	<b>4,425</b>	\$	5,620
Interest expense		<b>510</b>		482
Income tax expense (recovery)		<b>1,249</b>		(396)
Depreciation and amortization		<b>1,479</b>		1,285
<i>EBITDA</i>		<b>7,663</b>		6,991
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Other income		<b>(166)</b>		(244)
Other components of net periodic benefit income		<b>(312)</b>		(309)
Operating lease cost <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>202</b>		195
<i>Adjusted EBITDA</i>	\$	<b>7,387</b>	\$	6,633
<i>Adjusted debt-to-adjusted EBITDA multiple (times)</i>		<b>1.95</b>		1.93

(1) The Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02: Leases and related amendments (Topic 842) in the first quarter of 2019. The Company now includes operating lease liabilities, as defined by Topic 842, in adjusted debt and excludes operating lease cost, as defined by Topic 842, in adjusted EBITDA. Comparative balances previously referred to as present value of operating lease commitments and operating lease expense have not been adjusted and are now referred to as operating lease liabilities and operating lease cost, respectively. See Note 2 - Recent accounting pronouncements to CN's 2019 unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.