

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains statements about future events and financial and operating performance that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and under Canadian securities laws, including but not limited to, statements concerning management's expectations with respect to CN's future plans and operations, its strategic agenda and initiatives, potential opportunities, financial and operating performance, planned capital investments, and cost-management programs. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of terminology such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "assumes," "outlook," "plans," "targets," or other similar words. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. The Company cautions that its assumptions may not materialize and that current economic conditions render such assumptions, although reasonable at the time they were made, subject to greater uncertainty.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results or performance of the Company to be materially different from the outlook or any future results or performance implied by such statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Important risk factors that could affect the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the effects of general economic and business conditions; changes in business strategies; industry competition; inflation, currency and interest rate fluctuations; changes in fuel prices; legislative and/or regulatory developments; compliance with environmental laws and regulations; actions by regulators; increases in maintenance and operating costs; security threats; reliance on technology; trade restrictions; transportation of hazardous materials; various events which could disrupt operations, including natural events such as severe weather, droughts, floods and earthquakes; climate change; labor negotiations and disruptions; environmental claims; uncertainties of investigations, proceedings or other types of claims and litigation; risks and liabilities arising from derailments; timing or completion of capital programs; impacts from accounting pronouncements not yet adopted; and other risks detailed from time to time in reports filed by CN with securities regulators in Canada and the United States. Reference should be made to Management's Discussion and Analysis in CN's annual and interim reports, Annual Information Form and Form 40-F, filed with Canadian and U.S. securities regulators and available on CN's website, for a description of major risk factors and assumptions.

Forward-looking statements reflect information as of the date on which they are made. CN assumes no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect future events, changes in circumstances, or changes in beliefs, unless required by applicable securities laws. In the event CN does update any forward-looking statement, no inference should be made that CN will make additional updates with respect to that statement, related matters, or any other forward-looking statement.

Non-GAAP Measures

CN reports its financial results in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This presentation may also contain non-GAAP measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. For further details of non-GAAP measures, including a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, reference should be made to Management's Discussion and Analysis in CN's annual and interim reports, and other reports filed by CN from time to time with Canadian and U.S. securities regulators, which are available on CN's website.





Solid, Consistent Financial Policy

Investing in the business

- First call on cash
- Earning well above cost of capital

Solid balance sheet

- Potential strategic opportunities
- Weather economic downturns

Shareholder distributions

- Dividends
- Share buybacks



Investing in the Business -- Our First Call on Cash

Investing steadily

- Basic track infrastructure investments
- Capacity improvements
- Growth projects



Efficient **network**

- Improved velocity
- Improved fluidity
- Longer/heavier trains



- Driving value for our customers
- Enabling topline growth through volumes and price

Better asset utilization

- Lowers operating ratio and improves margins
- Improves efficiency and value to the bottom line



Investing in the Business -- Our First Call on Cash

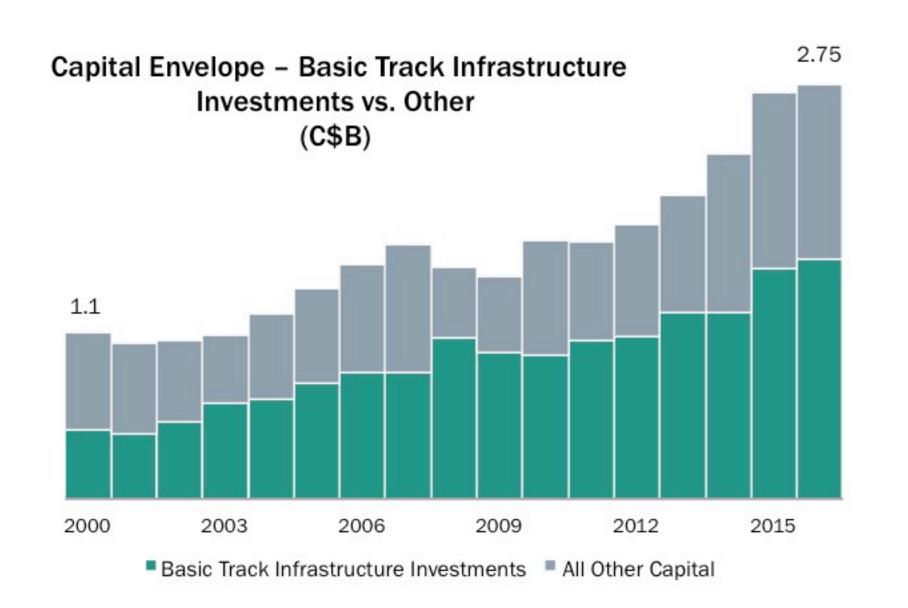
Basic track infrastructure investments

Capacity improvements

Growth enablers



Solid Foundation Built on Basic Track Infrastructure Investments

















\$12 Million in capital investments



Car Velocity

(Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)

00





2000 - 2001

\$38 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

(Daily GTMs, in millions)



2000

Car Velocity

(Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)









2000 - 2002

\$46 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

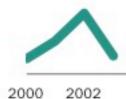
(Daily GTMs, in millions)



2000 2002

Car Velocity

(Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)



2000 2002





2000 - 2003

\$112 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

(Daily GTMs, in millions)



2000 2002

Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)







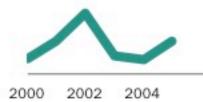
2000 - 2004

\$143 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

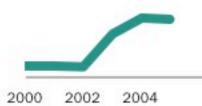


Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)







2000 - 2005

\$185 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth



Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)







2000 - 2006

\$247 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth



Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity (GTMs per train mile)

2000 2002 2004 2006





2000 - 2007

\$311 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

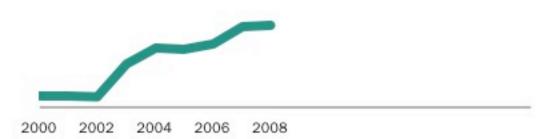


Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)



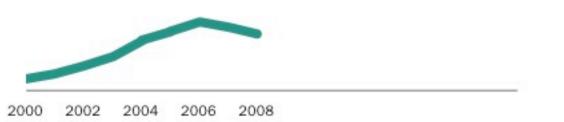




2000 - 2008

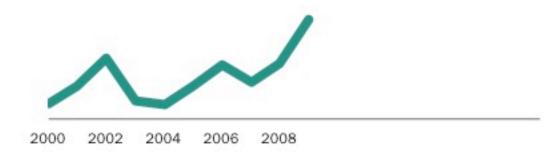
\$361 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth



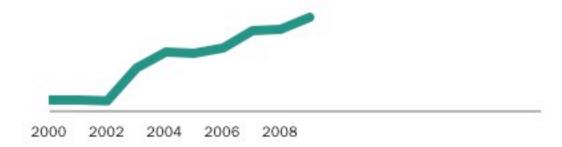
Car Velocity

(Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)



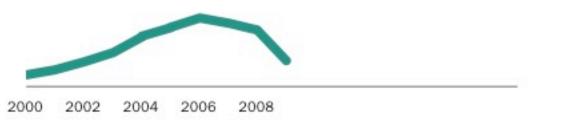




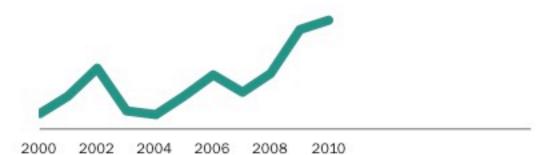
2000 - 2009

\$391 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth

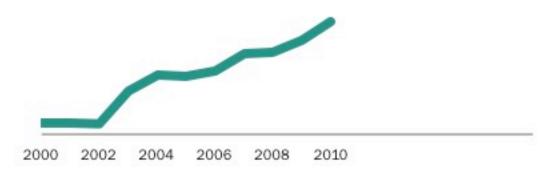


Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)

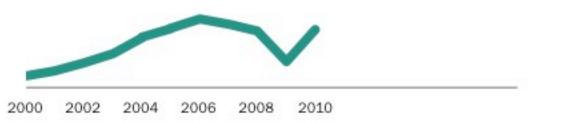




2000 - 2010

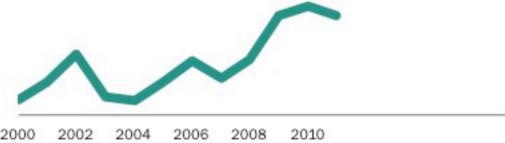
\$415 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth



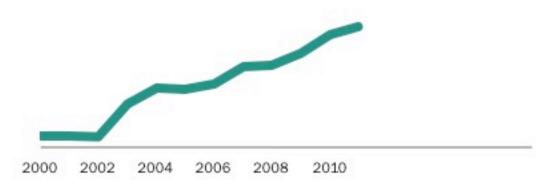


Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)

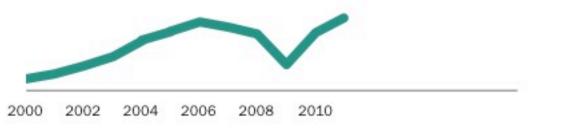




2000 - 2011

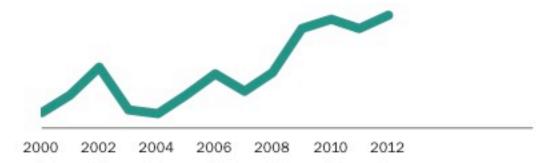
\$460 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth



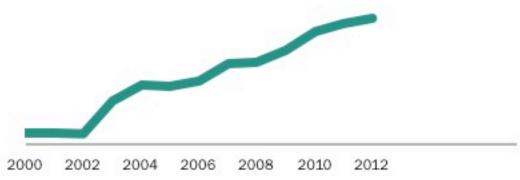


Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)

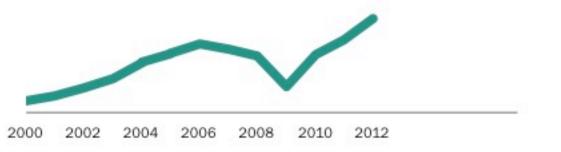




2000 - 2012

\$493 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth





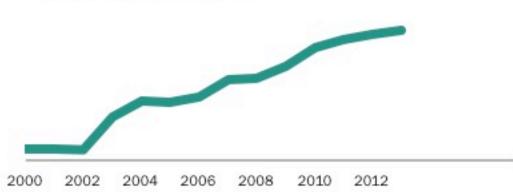
Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012

Train Productivity

(GTMs per train mile)

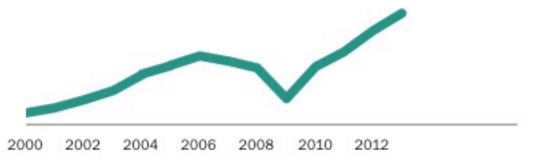




2000 - 2013

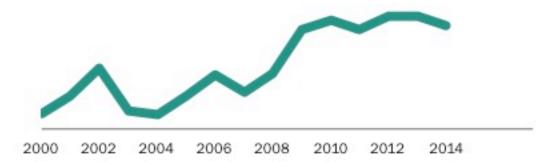
\$630 Million in capital investments

Workload Growth (Daily GTMs, in millions)

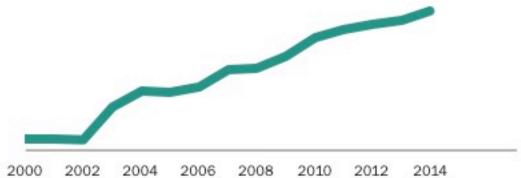




Car Velocity (Car miles per day)



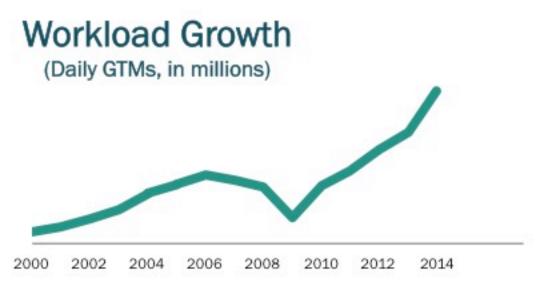




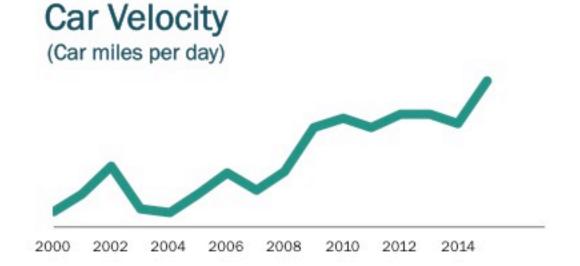


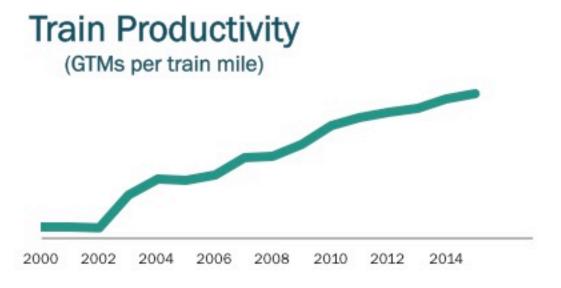
2000 - 2014

\$698 Million in capital investments





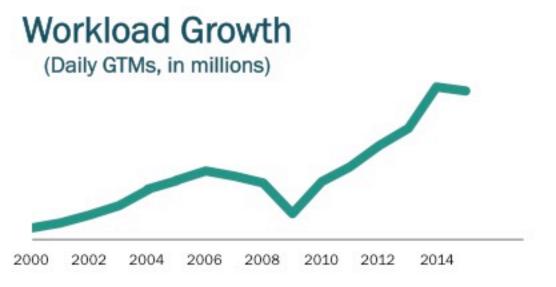




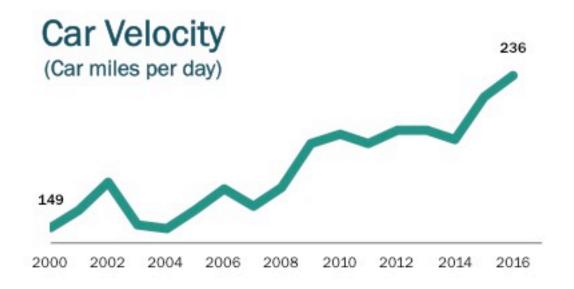


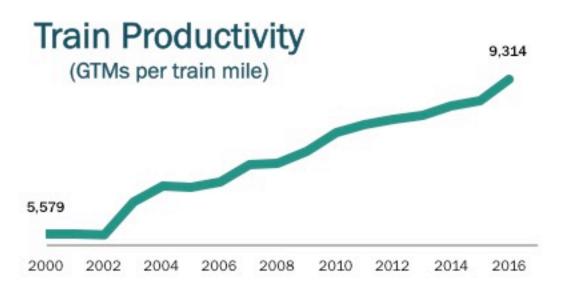
2000 - 2015

\$844 Million in capital investments





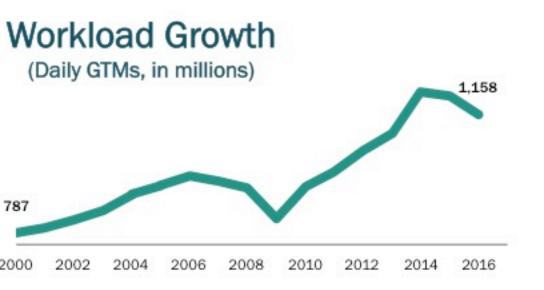






2000 - 2016

\$850 Million in capital investments





Car Velocity*
(Car miles per day)

52% Faster

Train Productivity*

(GTMs per train mile)

68% Heavier trains



2000 - 2017

Workload Growth*

(Daily GTMs, in millions)

65% More GTMs

*Reflects Q1 2017 vs. 2000



Our Chicago Advantage

Fast track Around Chicago

- Control dispatching of CN trains and routes
- Reliable service offering to customers
- Improved operations productivity and efficiency
- Streamlined interchange with other carriers





Extending our Reach and Growing Beyond the Rail Head





Extending our Reach and Growing Beyond the Rail Head





Extending our Reach and Growing Beyond the Rail Head





Investing to Connect Customers to Our Network

Fraser River Terminal Forest Products

North Battleford

Maymont

Stone Lake

Convent

Barron Sub

Whitehall Sub

Kindersle

Frac Sand

Grain





The CN Network

Three coast footprint

Sole access to Halifax and Prince Rupert

What Sets us Apart

Exclusive EJ&E beltway around Chicago





Strong Balance Sheet for Strategic Opportunities and Economic Downturns

Best credit ratings
among North American Class I railroads

Access to both US and Canadian

debt capital markets across short- and long-term tenors

Among the largest non-bank
Canadian companies by market
capitalization traded on the TSX

~\$8B of acquisitions without any credit rating downgrades or negative outlook on rating

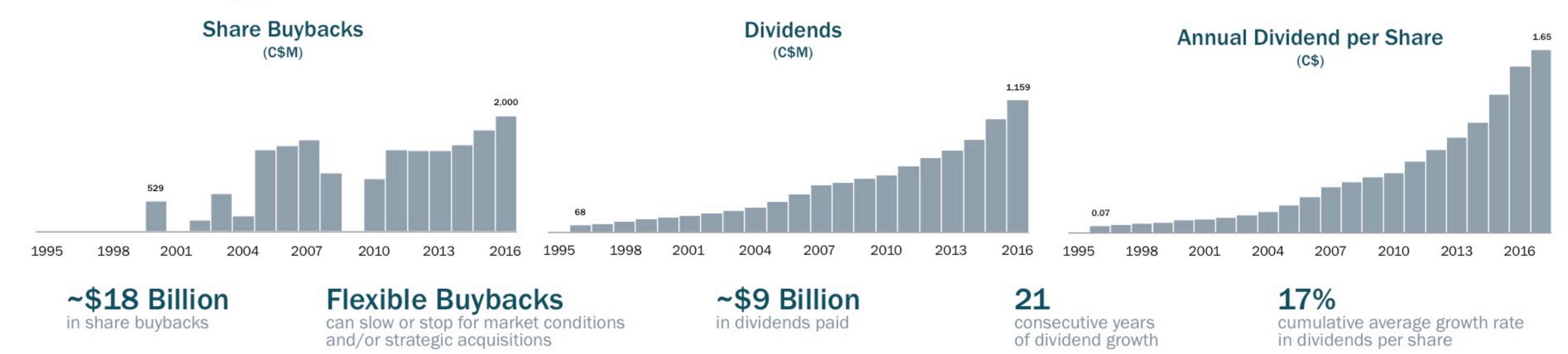
At issuance in July 2016, achieved the second lowest 30-year coupon ever by a non-financial issuer

Lowest debt issuance costs of all the Class I railroads

DBRS (March 2017): "[...] **substantial financial resources** to support its capex spending [...] and share repurchases [...] **while maintaining** financial metrics at **steady** levels"



Rewarding our Shareholders



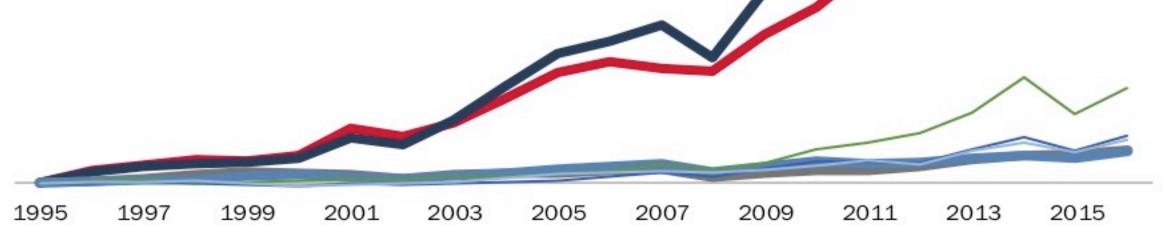


Solid Shareholder Value Creation

Consistently outpacing the Market

Continuous track record of delivering shareholder value

CN stock always a smart play as buying at any point has yielded solid returns



CNR 7,085%*

CNI 7,153%*

UNP 1,250%*

CSX 628%*

NSC 561%*

S&P 500 431%*

S&P TSX 416%*

*Cumulative total return since initial public offering.

Index: Closing price on November 1995 = 100
Assumes reinvestment of all dividends



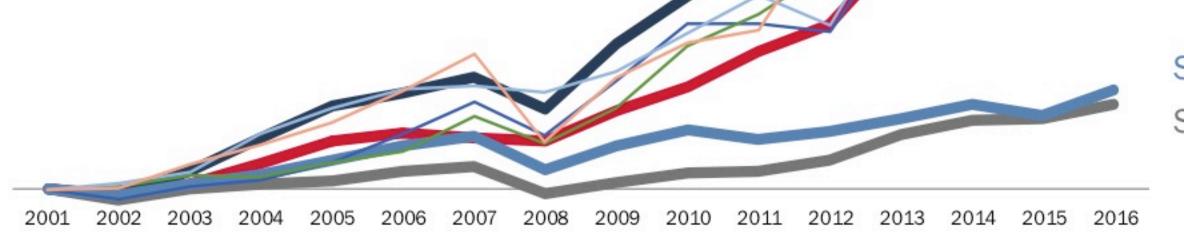


Solid Shareholder Value Creation

Consistently outpacing the Market

Continuous track record of delivering shareholder value

CN stock always a smart play as buying at any point has yielded solid returns



*Cumulative total return since initial public offering.

Index: Closing price on December 2001 = 100

CNI 948%*

UNP 840%*

CP US 796%*

CNR 783%*

NSC 693%*

CSX 693%*

Source: Bloomberg

S&P 500 190%* S&P TSX 161%*



A pattern of good performance, punctuated by a transition point, followed by great performance.

"Great performance" was defined as a cumulative total stock return of at least three times the general market from the transition point through 15 years



The transition from **good to great** had to be **company specific**, not an industrywide event



An established and ongoing company in business for at least 25 years prior to its transition, and publicly traded with stock-return data available for at least 10 years prior to its transition



Whatever the year of transition, the company had to be a significant, ongoing, stand-alone company



At the time of its selection, the company still had to show an upward trend



Innovation and Technology Providing a Competitive Edge

Big Data Analysis

Multimodal Innovation

In the range of \$500M to be invested over next 5 years earning at least our threshold of 12% return on investment

ERA (Engineering Reliability Analytics)

Predictive Analytics

Advanced Operations

MARS (Mechanical Analytics for Rail Safety)



Transforming Our Procurement & Supply Management Function

People

- Clear reporting accountability with supply management focus
- Leveraging cross-functional category teams comprised of the business users and functional specialists facilitated and led by procurement

Process

- Implement category management, structuring into portfolios that mirror the supply market, consolidating opportunities to leverage total spending
- Procurement strategy **linked** to inventory stocking strategy

Technology

- Expedited Fieldglass system onboarding of suppliers with better and consistent master data
- Identify and implement succession platforms to existing systems
- Implement a top tier contract management system

Three year transformation journey requiring approximately \$20-30M investment yielding savings of \$50M

versus the current baseline in beginning phases and over \$100M cumulative when the transformation is complete





































Solid, Consistent Financial Philosophy

Investing in the business

Solid Foundation Built on Basic Track Infrastructure Investments

Building a Fluid Network with Extended Capacity

Growth enabling investments

Strong Balance Sheet for Economic Downturns and for Strategic Opportunities

Rewarding our Shareholders

